

# Indian Wells Valley Water District

**Annual Financial Report** 

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014



# **History and Organization:**

On January 24, 1955, the Ridgecrest County Water District was formed in accordance with Division 12, Section 30000-00901 of the California Water Code. The District was incorporated as a Political Corporation on February 1, 1955, and established as a California public entity with authority to construct, operate and maintain a community water works system, such as the District deems necessary and proper. In January 1970, the name was changed to Indian Wells Valley Water District to recognize that service had extended beyond the political boundaries of the City of Ridgecrest. Service is provided to nearly 12,000-metered sites. Voters living within the District's boundaries elect five Directors to govern the District. The District has a staff of 29 employees. The District operates strictly from water rate charges and fees for services and has no revenue from taxes or federal sources. The District operates ten production wells, eleven water tanks that provide for 17.1 million gallons of storage, and seven booster stations.

# Indian Wells Valley Water District Board of Directors as of June 30, 2015

Name	Title	Elected/ Appointed	Current Term
Charles D. Griffin	Director	Elected	11/14-11/18
Charles F. Cordell	Director	Elected	11/12-11/16
Donald J. Cortichiato	Vice-President	Elected	11/12-11/16
Leroy H. Corlett	President	Elected	11/12-11/16
Peter E. Brown	Director	Elected	11/14-11/18

Indian Wells Valley Water District Donald M. Zdeba, General Manager 500 W. Ridgecrest Blvd. Ridgecrest, California 93555 (760) 375-5086 – www.iwvwd.com

# Indian Wells Valley Water District

**Annual Financial Report** 

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

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**Financial Section** 



# Fedak & Brown LLP

Certified Public Accountants

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**Independent Auditor's Report** 

Board of Directors Indian Wells Valley Water District Ridgecrest, California

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Indian Wells Valley Water District (District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Controller's minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Independent Auditor's Report, continued**

#### Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1.C to the financial statements, in June 30, 2015, the District adopted new accounting guidance GASB Nos. 68 and 71. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 and the required supplementary information on pages 38 through 40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Prior Period Restatement**

As part of our audit of the June 30, 2015, financial statements, we audited the adjustments described in note 12. An adjustment for unbilled receivable was applied to restate the net position as of June 30, 2014, financial statements. In addition, the District recognized its proportionate share of net pension liability; and reclassified its proportionate share of employer pension contributions from expense to deferred outflows of resources and recorded a prior period adjustment to restate the beginning net position as of July 1, 2014.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. This report can be found on pages 41 and 42.

Fedak & Brown LLP

**Fedak & Brown LLP** Cypress, California November 9, 2015

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of activities and financial performance of the Indian Wells Valley Water District (District) provides an introduction to the financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. The two year presentation is provided for comparative purposes. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and related notes, which follow this section.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The District's net position decreased 4.54%, or \$1,790,020 to \$37,639,175, in fiscal year 2015 as a result of a \$446,258 increase from ongoing operations, offset by a \$2,237,278 decrease related to a prior period adjustment. See note 12 for further discussion. In fiscal year 2014, net position increased 3.5%, or \$1,346,382 to \$39,430,195, as a result of operations.
- The District's operating revenues decreased 11.0%, or \$1,233,073, in fiscal year 2015 primarily due to a \$990,502 decrease in water consumption sales. In fiscal year 2014, the District's operating revenues increased 7.1%, or \$741,701, primarily due to a \$366,020 increase in water consumption sales, a \$279,846 increase in ready-to-serve charges, and a \$77,148 increase in arsenic compliance charges.
- The District's operating expenses decreased 6.9%, or \$447,293, in fiscal year 2015 primarily due to a \$529,611 decrease in pumping plant expenses, a \$233,395 decrease in arsenic plant expenses, offset by a \$291,772 increase in general and administrative expenses. In fiscal year 2014, operating expenses increased 19.5%, or \$1,063,522, primarily due to increases in pumping plant expenses of \$778,802, arsenic plant expenses of \$181,015, transmission and distribution expenses of \$145,284, and field services expenses of \$60,841, which were offset by a decrease in general and administrative expenses of \$100,068.

# **Required Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows provide information about the activities and performance of the District using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's investments in resources (assets) and deferred outflows of resources, and the obligations to creditors (liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. It also provides the basis for computing a rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year and can be used to determine if the District has successfully recovered all of its costs through its rates and other charges. This statement can also be used to evaluate profitability and credit worthiness. The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows, which provides information about the District's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, non-capital financing, and capital and related financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

# **Financial Analysis of the District**

One of the most important question asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information about the District in a way that helps answer this question.

# Financial Analysis of the District, continued

These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in them. One can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources – as one way to measure the District's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, zoning and new or changed government legislation, such as changes in Federal and State water quality standards.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 37.

# **Statements of Net Position**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets of the District exceeded liabilities by \$37,639,175 and \$39,430,195 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

			As Restated			
	_	2015	2014	Change	2013	Change
Assets:						
Current assets	\$	13,607,700	14,090,231	(482,531)	13,147,999	942,232
Non-current assets		2,108,519	2,381,306	(272,787)	2,505,714	(124,408)
Capital assets, net	_	46,105,138	46,586,536	(481,398)	46,803,918	(217,382)
Total assets	_	61,821,357	63,058,073	(1,236,716)	62,457,631	600,442
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Deferred pension outflows	_	159,795		159,795	-	-
Total deferred						
outflows of resources	_	159,795		159,795	-	-
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities		1,874,421	2,328,589	(454,168)	1,830,283	498,306
Non-current liabilities		21,838,782	21,299,289	539,493	22,543,535	(1,244,246)
Total liabilities		23,713,203	23,627,878	85,325	24,373,818	(745,940)
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Deferred pension inflows		628,774		628,774		-
Total deferred						
inflows of resources		628,774		628,774	-	-
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		25,061,457	24,324,483	736,974	23,276,872	1,047,611
Restricted		1,912,082	1,886,241	25,841	1,936,561	(50,320)
Unrestricted	_	10,665,636	13,219,471	(2,553,835)	12,870,380	349,091
Total net position	\$	37,639,175	39,430,195	(1,791,020)	38,083,813	1,346,382

#### **Condensed Statements of Net Position**

# **Statements of Net Position, continued**

By far, the largest portion of the District's net position (67% as of June 30, 2015 and 62% as of June 30, 2014) reflects the District's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to customers within the District's service area; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

At the end of fiscal years 2015 and 2014, the District showed a positive balance in its unrestricted net position of \$10,665,636 and \$13,219,471, respectively, which may be utilized in future years. See note 11 for further information.

			As Restated			
		2015	2014	Change	2013	Change
Revenue:						
Operating revenue	\$	9,998,891	11,231,964	(1,233,073)	10,490,263	741,701
Non-operating revenue		139,212	310,963	(171,751)	389,715	(78,752)
Total revenue		10,138,103	11,542,927	(1,404,824)	10,879,978	662,949
Expense:						
Operating expense		6,073,393	6,520,686	(447,293)	5,457,164	1,063,522
Depreciation		2,646,097	2,527,812	118,285	2,628,885	(101,073)
Non-operating expense		1,035,239	1,218,711	(183,472)	1,388,346	(169,635)
Total expense	_	9,754,729	10,267,209	(512,480)	9,474,395	792,814
Net income before capital		383,374	1,275,718	(892,344)	1,405,583	(129,865)
Capital contributions:		62,884	70,664	(7,780)	162,979	(92,315)
Change in net position		446,258	1,346,382	(900,124)	1,568,562	(222,180)
Net position, beginning of year		39,430,195	38,083,813	1,346,382	36,515,251	1,568,562
Prior period adjustment		(2,237,278)		(2,237,278)		-
Net position as of July 1, 2014		37,192,917	38,083,813	(890,896)	36,515,251	1,568,562
Net position, end of year	\$	37,639,175	39,430,195	(1,791,020)	38,083,813	1,346,382

#### Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The statements of revenues, expenses and changes of net position show how the District's net position changed during the fiscal years. In the case of the District, the District's change in net position decreased by \$1,791,020 for the fiscal year June 30, 2015, as a result of a \$446,258 increase from ongoing operations, offset by a \$2,237,278 decrease related to a prior period adjustment; and the District's change in net position increased by \$1,346,382 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, as a result from ongoing operations. A closer examination of the sources of changes in net position reveals that:

The District's operating revenues decreased 11.0%, or \$1,233,073, in fiscal year 2015 primarily due to a \$990,502 decrease in water consumption sales. In fiscal year 2014, the District's operating revenues increased 7.1%, or \$741,701, primarily due to a \$366,020 increase in water consumption sales, a \$279,846 increase in ready-to-serve charges, and a \$77,148 increase in arsenic compliance charges.

The District's operating expenses decreased 6.9%, or \$447,293, in fiscal year 2015 primarily due to decreases of \$529,611 in pumping plant expenses, \$233,395 in arsenic plant expenses, offset by a \$291,772 increase in general and administrative expenses. In fiscal year 2014, operating expenses increased 19.5%, or \$1,063,522, primarily due to increases in pumping plant expenses of \$778,802, arsenic plant expenses of \$181,015, transmission and distribution expenses of \$145,284, and field services expenses of \$60,841, which were offset by a decrease in general and administrative expenses of \$100,068.

# **Capital Asset Administration**

Changes in capital asset amounts for 2015 were as follows:

		Balance 2014	Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance 2015
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable assets	\$	4,382,795	2,082,507	(2,768,784)	3,696,518
Depreciable assets		88,283,807	2,850,976	-	91,134,783
Accumulated depreciation		(46,080,066)	(2,646,097)		(48,726,163)
Total capital assets, net	\$	46,586,536	2,287,386	(2,768,784)	46,105,138
Changes in capital asset amounts f	for 2014	were as follows:			
		Balance 2013	Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance 2014
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable assets	\$	3,398,993	2,987,773	(2,003,971)	4,382,795
Depreciable assets		86,957,179	1,326,628	-	88,283,807
Accumulated depreciation		(43,552,254)	(2,527,812)		(46,080,066)
Total capital assets, net	\$	46,803,918	1,786,589	(2,003,971)	46,586,536

At the end of fiscal years 2015 and 2014, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$46,105,138 and \$46,586,536 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, transmission and distribution systems, buildings, equipment, vehicles and construction-in-process. See note 5 for further information.

# **Debt Administration**

Changes in long-term debt amounts for 2015 were as follows:

		Balance 2014	Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance 2015
Long-term debt:					
COPs payable	\$	18,575,000	-	(380,000)	18,195,000
Loans payable		3,687,053		(838,371)	2,848,681
Total long-term debt	\$	22,262,053		(1,218,371)	21,043,681
Changes in long-term debt am	ounts f	or 2014 were as fol	lows:		
		Balance		Transfers/	Balance
		2013	Additions	Deletions	2014
Long-term debt:					
COPs payable	\$	18,945,000	-	(370,000)	18,575,000
Loans payable		4,582,046		(894,993)	3,687,053
Total long-term debt	\$	23,527,046		(1,264,993)	22,262,053

See notes 7 and 8 for further information.

# **Conditions Affecting Current Financial Position**

Management is unaware of any conditions which could have a significant impact on the District's current financial position, net position or operating results based on past, present and future events.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's funding sources, customers, stakeholders and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the District's Chief Financial Officer at 500 West Ridgecrest Boulevard, Ridgecrest, California 93555 – (760) 375-5086.

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**Basic Financial Statements** 

# Indian Wells Valley Water District Statements of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	As Restated 2014
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	\$ 9,419,677	9,671,213
Restricted – cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	2,156,296	2,138,183
Accrued interest receivable	10,827	8,387
Accrued interest receivable - assessment bonds receivable	115,042	162,576
Accounts receivable - water sales and services	1,128,599	1,359,103
Accounts receivable – other	43,288	43,019
Assessment bonds receivable - current and delinquient (note 3)	352,199	319,705
Materials and supplies inventory	341,899	341,635
Prepaid expenses and other deposits	39,873	46,410
Total current assets	13,607,700	14,090,231
Non-current assets:		
Mitigation deposit - California Department of Fish and Game	120,000	120,000
Assessment bonds receivable (note 3)	1,060,000	1,295,000
Other post-employment benefits asset (note 4)	928,519	966,306
Capital assets - not being depreciated (note 5)	3,696,518	4,382,795
Capital assets, net – being depreciated (note 5)	42,408,620	42,203,741
Total non-current assets	48,213,657	48,967,842
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred pension outflows	159,795	
Total deferred outflows of resources	159,795	
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	130,444	648,114
Accrued wages and related payables	34,695	26,241
Customer deposits and deferred revenue	280,394	256,855
Accrued interest payable	244,214	251,942
Long-term liabilities – due within one year:		
Compensated absences (note 6)	36,945	36,535
Certificates-of-participation (note 7)	395,000	380,000
Loans payable (note 8)	752,729	728,902
Total current liabilities	1,874,421	2,328,589
Non-current liabilities:		
Long-term liabilities – due in more than one year:		
Compensated absences (note 6)	147,778	146,138
Certificates-of-participation (note 7)	17,800,000	18,195,000
Loans payable (note 8)	2,095,952	2,958,151
Net pension liabilities	1,795,052	
Total non-current liabilities	21,838,782	21,299,289
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred pension inflows	628,774	
Total deferred inflows	628,774	
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets (note 9)	25,061,457	24,324,483
Restricted for debt service (note 10)	1,912,082	1,886,241
Unrestricted (note 11)	10,665,636	13,219,471
Total net position	37,639,175	39,430,195

# Indian Wells Valley Water District Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

Operating revenues:         Vater consumption sales         S         3,611,110         4,601,612           Ready-to-serve charges         3,438,248         4,572,645           Arsenic compliance charges         1,574,208         1,635,111           Zone charge         116,749         139,704           Other charges for services         308,576         282,892           Total operating revenues         9,998,801         11,231,964           Operating expenses:         9         116,318         1,755,969           Arsenic plant         1,226,358         1,755,969           Arsenic plant         1,230,440         1,414,408           Engineering         325,845         328,813           Customer service         333,434         366,553           Legislative         116,656         77,611           General and administrative         1,877,239         1,585,467           Operating income before depreciation expense         3,022,498         4,711,278           Depreciating necemeses:         6,073,393         6,520,686           Operating income before depreciation expense         3,145         227,334           Investment earnings         43,642         33,149           Special assessment 87-1 for debt service         43,145		_	2015	As Restated 2014
Ready-to-serve charges $4.388,248$ $4.572,645$ Arsenic compliance charges $1.574,208$ $1.635,111$ Zone charge $308,576$ $282,892$ Total operating revenues $9.998,891$ $11.231,964$ Operating expenses:       9.998,891 $11.231,964$ Pumping plant $1.226,358$ $1.755,969$ Arsenic plant $1.340,480$ $1.410,890$ Field services $452,447$ $412,068$ Engineering $325,845$ $328,313$ Customer service $333,948$ $366,553$ Legislative $116,656$ $77,611$ General and administrative $1.877,239$ $1.585,467$ Operating income before depreciation expense $3.925,498$ $4.711,278$ Depreciation expense – capital recovery $(2.646,097)$ $(2.527,812)$ Operating income $1.279,401$ $2.183,466$ Non-operating revenue(expense): $99,200$ $19,200$ Special assessment 87-1 for debt service $43,145$ $227,334$ Investment carnings $43,642$ $33,130$ Total op-operating, net $(0.071,4455$	Operating revenues:			
Arsenic compliance charges $1.574,208$ $1.635,111$ Zone charge $116,749$ $139,704$ Other charges for services $9.998,891$ $11.231,964$ Operating expenses: $9.998,891$ $11.231,964$ Pumping plant $1.226,358$ $1.755,969$ Arsenic plant $350,420$ $583,815$ Transmission and distribution $1,340,480$ $1,410,890$ Field services $452,447$ $412,068$ Engineering $325,845$ $328,313$ Customer service $338,948$ $366,553$ Legislative $116,656$ $77,611$ General and administrative $1.877,239$ $1.585,467$ Total operating expenses $6.073,393$ $6.520,686$ Operating income before depreciation expense $3.925,498$ $4,711,278$ Depreciation expense – capital recovery $(2.646,097)$ $(2.527,812)$ Operating income $12,279,401$ $2,183,466$ Non-operating neome $12,279,401$ $2,183,466$ Non-operating neome $(1,014,455)$ $(1,054,565)$ Deberescip costs $(2,07,84)$	Water consumption sales	\$	3,611,110	4,601,612
Zone charge         116,749         139,704           Other charges for services         308,576         282,892           Total operating revenues         9,998,891         11,231,964           Operating expenses:         1,226,358         1,755,969           Pumping plant         1,226,358         1,755,969           Arsenic plant         350,420         583,815           Transmission and distribution         1,340,480         1,410,890           Field services         452,447         412,068           Engincering         325,845         328,313           Customer service         383,948         366,553           Legislative         116,656         77,611           General and administrative         1,877,239         1,585,467           Operating neome         1,229,412         2,838,46           Operating income before depreciation expense         6,073,393         6,520,686           Operating revenue(expense):         200         227,334         4,711,278           Depreciation expense         20,254,498         4,711,278         227,334           Investment earnings         43,642         33,119         227,334           Net neome before depreciation expense         (20,784)         (16,546) <td>Ready-to-serve charges</td> <td></td> <td>4,388,248</td> <td>4,572,645</td>	Ready-to-serve charges		4,388,248	4,572,645
Other charges for services         308,576         282,892           Total operating revenues         9,998,891         11,231,964           Operating expenses:         1,226,358         1,755,969           Arsenic plant         1,340,480         1,410,890           Field services         452,447         412,068           Engineering         325,845         328,313           Customer service         383,948         366,653           Legislative         11,6565         77,611           General and administrative         1,877,239         1,585,467           Total operating expenses         6,073,393         6,520,686           Operating income before depreciation expense         3,925,498         4,711,278           Depreciation expense – capital recovery         (2,646,097)         (2,527,812)           Operating income         1,279,401         2,183,466           Non-operating revenue(expense):         8         3,4542         33,119           Rental revenue         19,200         19,200         19,200           Intrest expense         (1,014,455)         (1,051,565)         0ebt service costs         (20,784)         (16,546)           Loss on sale of real property         -         (150,600)         -         (150,	Arsenic compliance charges		1,574,208	1,635,111
Total operating revenues         9.998,891         11.231,964           Operating expenses:         Pumping plant         1,226,358         1,755,969           Arsenic plant         350,420         583,815           Transmission and distribution         1,340,480         1,410,890           Field services         452,447         412,068           Engineering         325,845         328,313           Customer service         383,948         366,553           Legislative         116,656         77,611           General and administrative         1,877,239         1,585,467           Operating income before depreciation expense         3,925,498         4,711,278           Depreciation expense - capital recovery         (2,646,097)         (2,527,812)           Operating income         1,279,401         2,183,466           Non-operating revenue(expense):         Special assessment 87-1 for debt service         43,145         227,334           Investment earnings         43,642         33,119         Rental revenue         19,200         19,200           Interset expense         (10,14,455)         (10,51,555)         16b service costs         (20,784)         (16,546)           Loss on sale of real property         -         (150,600)         046,	Zone charge		116,749	139,704
Operating expenses:         Image: Constraint of the image: Con	Other charges for services	_	308,576	282,892
Pumping plant         1.226,358         1,755,969           Arsenic plant         350,420         583,815           Transmission and distribution         1,340,480         1,410,890           Field services         452,447         412,068           Engineering         325,845         328,313           Customer service         383,948         366,553           Legislative         116,656         77,611           General and administrative         1,877,239         1,585,467           Total operating expenses         6,073,393         6,520,686           Operating income before depreciation expense         3,925,498         4,711,278           Depreciation expense – capital recovery         (2,646,097)         (2,527,812)           Operating income         1,279,401         2,183,466           Non-operating revenue(expense):         350,420         19,200           Special assessment 87-1 for debt service         43,145         227,334           Investment earnings         43,642         33,119           Rental revenue         19,200         19,200           Interest expense         (1,014,455)         (1,051,565)           Debt service costs         (20,784)         (16,546)           Loss on sale of real propert	Total operating revenues		9,998,891	11,231,964
Arsenic plant $350,420$ $583,815$ Transmission and distribution $1,340,480$ $1,410,890$ Field services $452,447$ $412,068$ Engineering $325,845$ $328,313$ Customer service $383,948$ $366,553$ Legislative $116,656$ $77,611$ General and administrative $1,877,239$ $1,585,467$ <b>Total operating expenses</b> $6,073,393$ $6,520,686$ Operating income before depreciation expense $3.925,498$ $4,711,278$ Depreciation expense – capital recovery $(2,646,097)$ $(2,527,812)$ <b>Operating income</b> $1.279,401$ $2,183,466$ Non-operating revenue(expense):       Special assessment 87-1 for debt service $43,145$ $227,334$ Investment earnings $43,642$ $33,119$ $9,200$ $19,200$ $19,200$ Interest expense $(1,014,455)$ $(1,051,565)$ $02,784)$ $(16,546)$ $050,600$ Other revenue $33,225$ $31,310$ $33,225$ $31,310$ Total non-operating, net $(896,027)$ $(907,748)$ $62,884$ $70,664$	Operating expenses:			
Transmission and distribution       1,340,480       1,410,890         Field services       452,447       412,068         Engineering       325,845       328,313         Customer service       383,948       366,553         Legislative       116,656       77,611         General and administrative       1,877,239       1,585,467         Total operating expenses       6,073,393       6,520,686         Operating income before depreciation expense       3,925,498       4,711,278         Depreciation expense – capital recovery       (2,646,097)       (2,527,812)         Operating income       1,279,401       2,183,466         Non-operating revenue(expense):       Special assessment 87-1 for debt service       43,145       227,334         Investment earnings       43,642       33,119       Rental revenue       19,200       19,200         Interest expense       (1,014,455)       (1,051,565)       Debt service costs       (20,784)       (16,546)         Loss on sale of real property       -       (150,600)       0ther revenue       33,225       31,310         Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)       (16,546)       1,275,718         Capital contributions:       Capacity facility fees       62,884 <td>Pumping plant</td> <td></td> <td>1,226,358</td> <td>1,755,969</td>	Pumping plant		1,226,358	1,755,969
Field services       452,447       412,068         Engineering       325,845       328,313         Customer service       383,948       366,553         Legislative       116,656       77,611         General and administrative       1,877,239       1,585,467         Total operating expenses       6,073,393       6,520,686         Operating income before depreciation expense       3,925,498       4,711,278         Depreciation expense – capital recovery       (2,646,097)       (2,527,812)         Operating income       1,279,401       2,183,466         Non-operating revenue(expense):       5       5         Special assessment 87-1 for debt service       43,145       227,334         Investment earnings       43,642       33,119         Rental revenue       19,200       19,200         Interest expense       (1,014,455)       (1,051,565)         Debt service costs       (20,0784)       (16,546)         Loss on sale of real property       -       (150,600)         Other revenue       33,225       31,310         Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)         Met income before capital contributions       383,374       1,275,718         Capacity facili	•		350,420	583,815
Engineering         325,845         328,313           Customer service         383,948         366,553           Legislative         116,656         77,611           General and administrative         1,877,239         1,585,467           Total operating expenses         6,073,393         6,520,686           Operating income before depreciation expense         3,925,498         4,711,278           Depreciation expense – capital recovery         (2,646,097)         (2,527,812)           Operating income         1,279,401         2,183,466           Non-operating revenue(expense):         Special assessment 87-1 for debt service         43,145         227,334           Investment earnings         43,642         33,119           Rental revenue         19,200         19,200           Interest expense         (1,014,455)         (1,051,565)           Debt service costs         (20,784)         (16,546)           Loss on sale of real property         -         (150,600)           Other revenue         33,3225         31,310           Total non-operating, net         (896,027)         (907,748)           Actionarity facility fees         62,884         70,664           Total capital contributions         62,884         70,664	Transmission and distribution		1,340,480	1,410,890
Customer service $383,948$ $366,553$ Legislative         116,656         77,611           General and administrative         1,877,239         1,585,467           Total operating expenses $6,073,393$ $6,520,686$ Operating income before depreciation expense $3,925,498$ $4,711,278$ Depreciation expense – capital recovery $(2,646,097)$ $(2,527,812)$ Operating income $1,279,401$ $2,183,466$ Non-operating revenue(expense):         Special assessment 87-1 for debt service $43,145$ $227,334$ Investment earnings $43,642$ $33,119$ Rental revenue $19,200$ $19,200$ Interest expense $(1,014,455)$ $(1,051,565)$ Debt service costs $(20,784)$ $(16,546)$ Loss on sale of real property         - $(150,600)$ $33,225$ $31,310$ Total non-operating, net $(896,027)$ $(907,748)$ $1275,718$ Capital contributions: $62,884$ $70,664$ $70,664$ Total capital contributions $62,884$ $70,664$ Change in net position $446,258$ <	Field services		452,447	412,068
Legislative         116,656         77,611           General and administrative         1,877,239         1,585,467           Total operating expenses         6,073,393         6,520,686           Operating income before depreciation expense         3,925,498         4,711,278           Depreciation expense – capital recovery         (2,646,097)         (2,527,812)           Operating revenue(expense):         1,279,401         2,183,466           Non-operating revenue(expense):         43,642         33,119           Special assessment 87-1 for debt service         43,145         227,334           Investment earnings         43,642         33,119           Rental revenue         19,200         19,200           Interest expense         (1,014,455)         (1,051,565)           Debt service costs         (20,784)         (16,546)           Loss on sale of real property         -         (150,600)           Other revenue         33,225         31,310           Total non-operating, net         (896,027)         (907,748)           Net income before capital contributions         383,374         1,275,718           Capacity facility fees         62,884         70,664           Total capital contributions         62,884         70,664	Engineering		325,845	328,313
General and administrative $1,877,239$ $1,585,467$ Total operating expenses $6,073,393$ $6,520,686$ Operating income before depreciation expense $3,925,498$ $4,711,278$ Depreciation expense – capital recovery $(2,646,097)$ $(2,527,812)$ Operating income $1,279,401$ $2,183,466$ Non-operating revenue(expense): $3$ Special assessment 87-1 for debt service $43,145$ $227,334$ Investment earnings $43,642$ $33,119$ Rental revenue $19,200$ $19,200$ Interest expense $(1,014,455)$ $(1,051,565)$ Debt service costs $(20,784)$ $(16,546)$ Loss on sale of real property $ (150,600)$ Other revenue $33,225$ $31,310$ Total non-operating, net $(896,027)$ $(907,748)$ Capital contributions: $383,374$ $1,275,718$ Capacity facility fees $62,884$ $70,664$ Total capital contributions $62,884$ $70,664$ Change in net position $446,258$ $1,346,382$ Net position, beginning of year $39,430,195$ $38,083,813$ Prior period adjustment $(2,237,278)$ $-$ Net position, beginning of year – as restated $37,192,917$ $38,083,813$	Customer service		383,948	366,553
Total operating expenses         6,073,393         6,520,686           Operating income before depreciation expense         3,925,498         4,711,278           Depreciation expense – capital recovery         (2,646,097)         (2,527,812)           Operating income         1,279,401         2,183,466           Non-operating revenue(expense):         1,279,401         2,183,466           Special assessment 87-1 for debt service         43,145         227,334           Investment earnings         43,642         33,119           Rental revenue         19,200         19,200           Interest expense         (1,014,455)         (1,051,565)           Debt service costs         (20,784)         (16,546)           Loss on sale of real property         -         (150,600)           Other revenue         33,225         31,310           Total non-operating, net         (896,027)         (907,748)           Net income before capital contributions         383,374         1,275,718           Capacity facility fees         62,884         70,664           Total capital contributions         62,884         70,664           Change in net position         446,258         1,346,382           Net position, beginning of year         39,430,195         38,	Legislative		116,656	77,611
Operating income before depreciation expense Depreciation expense – capital recovery $3,925,498$ $4,711,278$ Operating income $1,279,401$ $2,183,466$ Non-operating revenue(expense): $1,279,401$ $2,183,466$ Special assessment 87-1 for debt service $43,145$ $227,334$ Investment earnings $43,642$ $33,119$ Rental revenue $19,200$ $19,200$ Interest expense $(1,014,455)$ $(1,051,565)$ Debt service costs $(20,784)$ $(16,546)$ Loss on sale of real property $ (150,600)$ Other revenue $33,225$ $31,310$ Total non-operating, net $(896,027)$ $(907,748)$ Net income before capital contributions $383,374$ $1,275,718$ Capacity facility fees $62,884$ $70,664$ Total capital contributions $62,884$ $70,664$ Change in net position $446,258$ $1,346,382$ Net position, beginning of year $39,430,195$ $38,083,813$ Prior period adjustment $(2,237,278)$ $-$	General and administrative		1,877,239	1,585,467
Depreciation expense - capital recovery $(2,646,097)$ $(2,527,812)$ Operating income $1,279,401$ $2,183,466$ Non-operating revenue(expense): $3,145$ $227,334$ Special assessment 87-1 for debt service $43,145$ $227,334$ Investment earnings $43,642$ $33,119$ Rental revenue $19,200$ $19,200$ Interest expense $(1,014,455)$ $(1,051,565)$ Debt service costs $(20,784)$ $(16,546)$ Loss on sale of real property $ (150,600)$ Other revenue $33,225$ $31,310$ Total non-operating, net $(896,027)$ $(907,748)$ Capital contributions: $383,374$ $1,275,718$ Capacity facility fees $62,884$ $70,664$ Total capital contributions $62,884$ $70,664$ Change in net position $446,258$ $1,346,382$ Net position, beginning of year $39,430,195$ $38,083,813$ Prior period adjustment $(2,237,278)$ $-$ Net position, beginning of year – as restated $37,192,917$ $38,083,813$	Total operating expenses	_	6,073,393	6,520,686
Operating income         1,279,401         2,183,466           Non-operating revenue(expense):         5         5         5         227,334           Investment earnings         43,145         227,334           Investment earnings         43,642         33,119           Rental revenue         19,200         19,200           Interest expense         (1,014,455)         (1,051,565)           Debt service costs         (20,784)         (16,546)           Loss on sale of real property         -         (150,600)           Other revenue         33,225         31,310           Total non-operating, net         (896,027)         (907,748)           Net income before capital contributions         383,374         1,275,718           Capital contributions:         Capacity facility fees         62,884         70,664           Total capital contributions         62,884         70,664         1,346,382           Net position, beginning of year         39,430,195         38,083,813           Prior period adjustment         (2,237,278)         -           Net position, beginning of year – as restated         37,192,917         38,083,813	Operating income before depreciation expense		3,925,498	4,711,278
Non-operating revenue(expense):         43,145         227,334           Special assessment 87-1 for debt service         43,145         227,334           Investment earnings         43,642         33,119           Rental revenue         19,200         19,200           Interest expense         (1,014,455)         (1,051,565)           Debt service costs         (20,784)         (16,546)           Loss on sale of real property         -         (150,600)           Other revenue         33,225         31,310           Total non-operating, net         (896,027)         (907,748)           Net income before capital contributions         383,374         1,275,718           Capital contributions:         Capacity facility fees         62,884         70,664           Total capital contributions         62,884         70,664         1,346,382           Net position, beginning of year         39,430,195         38,083,813           Prior period adjustment         (2,237,278)         -           Net position, beginning of year – as restated         37,192,917         38,083,813	Depreciation expense – capital recovery	_	(2,646,097)	(2,527,812)
Special assessment 87-1 for debt service       43,145       227,334         Investment earnings       43,642       33,119         Rental revenue       19,200       19,200         Interest expense       (1,014,455)       (1,051,565)         Debt service costs       (20,784)       (16,546)         Loss on sale of real property       -       (150,600)         Other revenue       33,225       31,310         Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)         Net income before capital contributions       383,374       1,275,718         Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664         Change in net position       446,258       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year – as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	<b>Operating income</b>	_	1,279,401	2,183,466
Investment earnings       43,642       33,119         Rental revenue       19,200       19,200         Interest expense       (1,014,455)       (1,051,565)         Debt service costs       (20,784)       (16,546)         Loss on sale of real property       -       (150,600)         Other revenue       33,225       31,310         Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)         Net income before capital contributions       383,374       1,275,718         Capital contributions:       2       2       33,064         Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year – as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	Non-operating revenue(expense):			
Rental revenue       19,200       19,200         Interest expense       (1,014,455)       (1,051,565)         Debt service costs       (20,784)       (16,546)         Loss on sale of real property       -       (150,600)         Other revenue       33,225       31,310         Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)         Net income before capital contributions       383,374       1,275,718         Capital contributions:       2       2       36,064         Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664         Change in net position       446,258       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year – as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	Special assessment 87-1 for debt service		43,145	227,334
Interest expense       (1,014,455)       (1,051,565)         Debt service costs       (20,784)       (16,546)         Loss on sale of real property       -       (150,600)         Other revenue       33,225       31,310         Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)         Net income before capital contributions       383,374       1,275,718         Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664         Change in net position       446,258       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year – as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	Investment earnings		43,642	33,119
Debt service costs       (20,784)       (16,546)         Loss on sale of real property       -       (150,600)         Other revenue       33,225       31,310         Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)         Net income before capital contributions       383,374       1,275,718         Capital contributions:       383,374       1,275,718         Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664         Change in net position       446,258       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year – as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	Rental revenue		19,200	19,200
Loss on sale of real property       -       (150,600)         Other revenue       33,225       31,310         Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)         Net income before capital contributions       383,374       1,275,718         Capital contributions:       383,374       1,275,718         Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664         Change in net position       446,258       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year – as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	Interest expense		(1,014,455)	(1,051,565)
Other revenue       33,225       31,310         Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)         Net income before capital contributions       383,374       1,275,718         Capital contributions:       383,374       1,275,718         Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664         Change in net position       446,258       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year - as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	Debt service costs		(20,784)	(16,546)
Total non-operating, net       (896,027)       (907,748)         Net income before capital contributions       383,374       1,275,718         Capital contributions:       62,884       70,664         Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664         Change in net position       446,258       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year – as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	Loss on sale of real property		-	(150,600)
Net income before capital contributions         383,374         1,275,718           Capital contributions:         62,884         70,664           Capacity facility fees         62,884         70,664           Total capital contributions         62,884         70,664           Change in net position         446,258         1,346,382           Net position, beginning of year         39,430,195         38,083,813           Prior period adjustment         (2,237,278)         -           Net position, beginning of year – as restated         37,192,917         38,083,813	Other revenue	_	33,225	31,310
Capital contributions:       62,884       70,664         Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664         Change in net position       446,258       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year – as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	Total non-operating, net		(896,027)	(907,748)
Capacity facility fees       62,884       70,664         Total capital contributions       62,884       70,664         Change in net position       446,258       1,346,382         Net position, beginning of year       39,430,195       38,083,813         Prior period adjustment       (2,237,278)       -         Net position, beginning of year – as restated       37,192,917       38,083,813	Net income before capital contributions		383,374	1,275,718
Total capital contributions         62,884         70,664           Change in net position         446,258         1,346,382           Net position, beginning of year         39,430,195         38,083,813           Prior period adjustment         (2,237,278)         -           Net position, beginning of year – as restated         37,192,917         38,083,813	Capital contributions:			
Change in net position         446,258         1,346,382           Net position, beginning of year         39,430,195         38,083,813           Prior period adjustment         (2,237,278)         -           Net position, beginning of year – as restated         37,192,917         38,083,813	Capacity facility fees		62,884	70,664
Net position, beginning of year         39,430,195         38,083,813           Prior period adjustment         (2,237,278)         -           Net position, beginning of year – as restated         37,192,917         38,083,813	Total capital contributions		62,884	70,664
Prior period adjustment         (2,237,278)         -           Net position, beginning of year – as restated         37,192,917         38,083,813	Change in net position		446,258	1,346,382
Net position, beginning of year – as restated37,192,91738,083,813	Net position, beginning of year		39,430,195	38,083,813
	Prior period adjustment		(2,237,278)	
Net position, end of year         \$ 37,639,175         39,430,195	Net position, beginning of year – as restated		37,192,917	38,083,813
	Net position, end of year	\$	37,639,175	39,430,195

# Indian Wells Valley Water District Statements of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	_	2015	Restated 2014
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash receipts from customers for water sales and services	\$	10,305,090	10,687,395
Cash paid to employees for salaries and wages		(2,189,549)	(1,892,625)
Cash paid to vendors and suppliers for materials and services	_	(4,340,981)	(4,391,693)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	3,774,560	4,403,077
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,164,699)	(2,310,429)
Proceeds from capital contributions		62,884	70,664
Special assessments for debt service		245,651	289,536
Principal paid on long-term debt		(1,218,372)	(1,264,994)
Interest paid on long-term debt	_	(1,022,183)	(1,058,392)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(4,096,719)	(4,273,615)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Investment earnings	_	88,736	33,438
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	88,736	33,438
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(233,423)	162,900
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	11,809,396	11,646,496
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ _	11,575,973	11,809,396

#### Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to statement of financial position:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,419,677	9,671,213
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	_	2,156,296	2,138,183
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,575,973	11,809,396

# Continued on next page

# Indian Wells Valley Water District Statements of Cash Flows, continued For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	As Restated 2014
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Operating income \$	1,279,401	2,183,466
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provid	led by	
operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,646,097	2,527,812
Rental revenue	19,200	19,200
Debt service costs	(20,784)	(16,546)
Loss on sale of real property	-	(150,600)
Other revenue	33,225	31,310
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred	inflows:	
(Increase)decrease in assets and deferred outflows:		
Accounts receivable – water sales and services	230,504	(607,792)
Accounts receivable – other	(269)	3,342
Deferred pension outflows	87,744	-
Materials and supplies inventory	(264)	9,676
Prepaid expenses and other deposits	6,537	(17,079)
Other post-employment benefits asset	37,787	(105,592)
Increase(decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(517,670)	477,259
Accrued wages and related payables	8,454	11,899
Customer deposits and deferred revenue	23,539	9,371
Compensated absences	2,050	27,351
Deferred pension inflows	628,774	-
Net pension liabilities	(689,765)	
Total adjustments	2,495,159	2,219,611
Net cash provided by operating activities \$	3,774,560	4,403,077

# (1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# A. Organization and Operations of the Reporting Entity

The Indian Wells Valley Water District (District) was formed for the purposes of furnishing potable water within the District. The District was formed under the provisions of the County Water Act found in Division 12 of the State of California Water Code. The District is located in Kern County and includes the community of Ridgecrest and provides water to approximately 12,000 customers.

The criteria used in determining the scope of the financial reporting entity is based on the provisions of Governmental Accounting Statements No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The District is the primary governmental unit based on the foundation of a separately elected governing board that is elected by the citizens in a general popular election. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The District is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and: 1) It is able to impose its will on that organization, or 2) There is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

# **B.** Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The District reports its activities as an enterprise fund, which is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the District is that the costs of providing water to its service area on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges (water sales), capital grants and similar funding. Revenues and expenses are recognized on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Operating revenues and expenses, such as water sales and water purchases, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the District. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Management, administration, and depreciation expenses are also considered operating expenses. Other revenues and expenses not included in the above categories are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

# C. Financial Reporting

The District's basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applied to enterprise funds. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District solely operates as a special-purpose government which means it is only engaged in business-type activities; accordingly, activities are reported in the District's proprietary fund.

The District's basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

# (1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# C. Financial Reporting, continued

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The District implemented this new pronouncement in the current year. The purpose of GASB 68 is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

In January 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 69 – *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The District implemented this new pronouncement in the current year. At June 30, 2015, there was no effect of the implementation of this statement to the District.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71 – Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The District implemented this new pronouncement in the current year. The effect of the implementation of this statement to the District is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68.

The District has determined to present the annual financial statements with prior year data for comparative purposes, but not restate the prior year data as all information available to restate prior year amounts was not readily available.

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred inflows and Net Position

# 1. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported changes in net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Substantially all of the District's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts. The District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

# 3. Investments

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

# (1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position, continued

# 4. Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The District extends credit to customers in the normal course of operations. When management deems customer accounts uncollectible, the District uses the allowance method for the reservation and write-off of those accounts.

# 5. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the District are restricted for use by ordinance or debt covenant and, accordingly, are shown as restricted assets on the accompanying statements of net assets. The District uses restricted resources, prior to using unrestricted resources, to pay expenditures meeting the criteria imposed on the use of restricted resources by a third party.

# 6. Materials and Supplies Inventory

Materials and supplies inventory consists primarily of water meters, pipe and pipefittings for construction and repair to the District's water transmission and distribution system. Inventory is valued at cost using the weighted-average method. Inventory items are charged to expense at the time that individual items are withdrawn from inventory or consumed.

#### 7. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs or deposits applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the basic financial statements.

#### 8. Capital Assets

Capital assets acquired and/or constructed are capitalized at historical cost. District policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Upon retirement or other disposition of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective balances and any gains or losses are recognized. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

- Transmission and distribution system 30 to 35 years
- Structures and improvements 10 to 30 years
- Vehicles and large equipment 3 to 10 years
- Office furniture and equipment 3 to 10 years

# 9. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of resources that is applicable to future periods.

#### **10.** Compensated Absences

The District's personnel policies provide for accumulation of vacation and sick leave. Liabilities for vacation and portions of sick leave are recorded when benefits are earned. Cash payment of unused vacation is available to those qualified employees when retired or terminated.

# **11. Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of resources that is applicable to future periods.

# (1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position, continued

#### 12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and addition to/deduction from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# **13.** Capital Contributions

Capital contributions represent cash and capital asset additions contributed to the District by property owners, granting agencies or real estate developers desiring services that require capital expenditures or capacity commitment.

#### **14. Budgetary Policies**

The District adopts a bi-annual non-appropriated budget for planning, control, and evaluation purposes. Budgetary control and evaluation are affected by comparisons of actual revenues and expenses with planned revenues and expenses for the period. Encumbrance accounting is not used to account for commitments related to unperformed contracts for construction and services.

#### 15. Net Position

The financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt against the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- **Restricted Net Position** This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted Net Position** This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted* or *net investment in capital assets*.

# (2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	_	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,419,677	9,671,213
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	_	2,156,296	2,138,183
Total cash and investments	\$	11,575,973	11,809,396

# (2) Cash and Investments, continued

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, consist of the following:

	 2015	2014
Cash on hand	\$ 1,200	1,200
Deposits with financial institutions	890,039	425,207
Deposits in Local Agency Investment Fund	2,030,872	2,922,999
Deposits in Kern County Investment Pool	7,050,641	6,862,774
Deposits in money market funds	 1,603,221	1,597,216
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,575,973	11,809,396

As of June 30, the District's authorized deposits had the following maturities:

2015	2014
	232 days 535 days
	2015 239 days 474 days

# Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The District is legally empowered by statute and resolution to invest in money-market funds and to invest in the California State Investment Pool – Local Agency Investment Fund and the Kern County Investment Pool. The District's investment policy identifies other investment types that are authorized for the District to invest in under the California Government Code

# Investment in State Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

# Investment in Kern County Investment Pool

The Kern County Treasurer's Pooled Cash Portfolio (Pool) is a pooled investment fund program governed by the Kern County Board of Supervisors, and administered by the Kern County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Investments in the Pool are highly liquid as deposits and withdrawals can be made at anytime without penalty. The Pool does not impose a maximum investment limit.

The Kern County's bank deposits are either federally insured or collateralized in accordance with the California Government Code. Pool detail may be obtained from the Kern County Treasurer and Tax Collector's website at www.kcttc.co.kern.ca.us.

# (2) Cash and Investments, continued

# Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits.

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. Of the bank balances, up to \$250,000 held at each institution were federally insured and the remaining balance is collateralized in accordance with the Code; however, the collateralized securities are not held in the District's name.

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Code and the District's investment policy contain legal and policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF and the Pool).

# Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

# Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy contains no limitations on the amounts that can be invested in any one issuer as beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There were no investments in any one issuer (other than for external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District's investments at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

# (3) Assessment Bonds Receivable

The District has elected to hold the AD 87-1 Assessment District Bonds rather than sell them on the open market. Since the District has "invested" in these bonds, they are entitled to receive all revenue relating to the Assessment District Bonds. The assessment bonds receivable payment schedules at June 30, 2015 and 2014, are as follows:

Assessment bonds receivable consisted of the following as of June 30:

	 2015	2014
Assessment bonds receivable – current and delinquient	\$ 352,199	319,705
Assessment bonds receivable	 1,060,000	1,295,000
Total assessments bonds receivable, net	\$ 1,412,199	1,614,705

# Future Repayment Schedule

Year	 Principal
2016	\$ 235,000
2017	245,000
2018	255,000
2019	260,000
2020	270,000
2021	30,000
Total	1,295,000
Delinquient	117,199
	\$ 1,412,199

# (4) Other Post-Employment Benefits Asset

# **Plan Description**

The District provides post-employment health care benefits to all employees who retire from the District and meet certain eligibility requirements. Retirees may enroll in any plan available through PERSD medical, dental and vision programs. The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Board of Directors.

# Eligibility for District-paid Benefits

To be eligible for retiree health benefits, an employee must retire from the District on or after age 55 with at least 15 years of District service. The District's contribution is \$500 per month for eligible employees retiring on or after July 1, 2013; \$400 per month for eligible employees that retired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2013; and \$350 per month for eligible employees that retired prior to July 1, 2007.

# (4) Other Post-Employment Benefits Asset, continued

#### Membership in the Plan

Membership in the OPEB plan consisted of the following members as of June 30:

	2015	2014	2013
Active plan members	28	29	28
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	10	9	9
Separated plan members entitled to but not			
yet receiving benefits		-	-
Total plan membership	38	38	37

# **Funding Policy**

As required by GASB No. 45, an actuary will determine the District's Annual Required Contributions (ARC) at least once every two fiscal years. The ARC is calculated in accordance with certain parameters, and includes (1) the Normal Cost for one year, and (2) a component for amortization of the total Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

GASB 45 does not require pre-funding of OPEB benefits. However, the District has elected to establish an irrevocable trust at this time.

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Asset

The following table shows the components of the District's Annual OPEB cost for the past three fiscal years ended June 30th, the amount actually contributed to the plan and the changes in the District's Net OPEB Asset:

The balance at June 30, consists of the following:	 2015	2014	2013
Annual OPEB expense:			
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ (6,956)	(8,034)	(13,467)
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-	-	-
Interest earnings on irrevocable trust balance	1,821	(161,130)	(97,177)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 1,000	22,395	1,338
Total annual OPEB expense	 (4,135)	(146,769)	(109,306)
Contributions (to)from trust:			
Contributions made to irrevocable trust	-	-	-
Retiree benefit payments paid from trust	 41,922	41,177	41,361
Total contributions made	 41,922	41,177	41,361
Total change in net OPEB payable obligation	37,787	(105,592)	(67,945)
OPEB payable(asset) - beginning of year	 (966,306)	(860,714)	(792,769)
OPEB payable(asset) - end of year	\$ (928,519)	(966,306)	(860,714)

# (4) Other Post-Employment Benefits Asset, continued

The District's Annual OPEB Cost, the Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed to the plan and the Net OPEB Obligation Asset for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and the two preceding years are shown in the following table.

Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual OPEB Cost	Retiree Benefit Payments	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	_	Net OPEB Asset
2015	\$ (4,135)	41,922	-1013.83%	\$	(928,519)
2014	(146,769)	41,177	-28.06%		(966,306)
2013	(109,306)	41,361	-37.84%		(860,714)

The most recent valuation (dated July 1, 2013) includes an Actuarial Accrued Liability and Funded Actuarial Accrued Asset of \$248,320. There is \$869,638 in plan assets because the District pre-funded the plan in the California Employees' Retirement Benefit Trust (CERBT). The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$1,931,000. The ratio of the funded actuarial accrued liability to annual covered payroll was 12.86%. See Page 40 for the Schedule of Funding Progress.

# Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Consistent with the long-term perspective of actuarial calculations, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods:

Valuation date	June 30, 2013
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost method
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll amortization, closed
Remaining amortization period	26 Years as of the valuation date
Asset valuation method	15 Year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.61%
Projected salary increase	3.00%
Inflation - discount rate	2.80%
Healthcare - trend rate	7.50-5.00%

# (5) Capital Assets

Major capital assets additions during the years include upgrades and extensions of the District's water transmission and distribution systems and equipment purchases in the following schedules:

Changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

		Balance 2014	Additions/	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance 2015
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land and land rights	\$	2,763,979	-	(496)	2,763,483
Construction-in-process		1,618,816	2,082,507	(2,768,288)	933,035
Total non-depreciable assets	_	4,382,795	2,082,507	(2,768,784)	3,696,518
Depreciable assets:					
Transmission and distribution system		52,336,193	2,586,028	-	54,922,221
Production and source of supply		30,251,055	178,065	-	30,429,120
General plant	_	5,696,559	86,883		5,783,442
Total depreciable assets	_	88,283,807	2,850,976		91,134,783
Accumulated depreciation:					
Depreciable assets	_	(46,080,066)	(2,646,097)		(48,726,163)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(46,080,066)	(2,646,097)		(48,726,163)
Total depreciable assets, net	_	42,203,741	204,879		42,408,620
Total capital assets, net	\$	46,586,536	2,287,386	(2,768,784)	46,105,138

Changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

		Balance 2013	Additions/	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance 2014
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land and land rights	\$	3,127,674	506,305	(870,000)	2,763,979
Construction-in-process		271,319	2,481,468	(1,133,971)	1,618,816
Total non-depreciable assets	_	3,398,993	2,987,773	(2,003,971)	4,382,795
Depreciable assets:					
Transmission and distribution system		51,462,625	873,568	-	52,336,193
Production and source of supply		30,066,667	184,388	-	30,251,055
General plant		5,427,887	268,672	-	5,696,559
Total depreciable assets	_	86,957,179	1,326,628	<u> </u>	88,283,807
Accumulated depreciation:					
Depreciable assets		(43,552,254)	(2,527,812)		(46,080,066)
Total accumulated depreciation		(43,552,254)	(2,527,812)		(46,080,066)
Total depreciable assets, net	_	43,404,925	(1,201,184)		42,203,741
Total capital assets, net	\$	46,803,918	1,786,589	(2,003,971)	46,586,536

# (6) Compensated Absences

Changes to compensated absences for 2015, were as follows:

Balance 2014	Earned	Taken	Balance 2015	Current Portion	Long-term Portion
\$ 182,673	255,269	(253,219)	184,723	36,945	147,778

Changes to compensated absences for 2014, were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Current	Long-term
_	2013	Earned	Taken	2014	Portion	Portion
\$	155,322	258,242	(230,891)	182,673	36,535	146,138

# (7) Certificates of Participation

Changes in long-term debt amounts for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	_	Balance 2014	Additions	Payments	Balance 2015	Current Portion	Long-term Portion
Long-term debt: COPs payable:							
2009 Water revenue refunding bonds	\$	18,575,000		(380,000)	18,195,000	395,000	17,800,000
Total COPs payable	\$	18,575,000		(380,000)	18,195,000	395,000	17,800,000
Changes in long-term debt amounts for the year e	nded	June 30, 2014 wer	e as follows:				
	_	Balance 2013	Additions	Payments	Balance 2014	Current Portion	Long-term Portion
Long-term debt: COPs payable:							
2009 Water revenue refunding bonds	_	18,945,000		(370,000)	18,575,000	380,000	18,195,000
Total COPs payable	\$	18,945,000		(370,000)	18,575,000	380,000	18,195,000

# 2009 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds

Proceeds of the Series 2009 certificates-of-participation (COPs) were used to finance arsenic treatment facilities and expansion of the District's existing water system to create operating redundancy and enhance fire flow. The arsenic project included construction of arsenic treatment facilities with related pipelines for water mixing and distribution to comply with federal and state arsenic standards. The water supply improvements include upgrading two of the existing well pumps and constructing one new reservoir with related pipelines. A portion of the COPs were used to prepay the District's Series 1999A California Statewide Communities Development Authority revenue bonds, and to pay issuance costs for the COPs.

# (7) Certificates of Participation, continued

#### 2009 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, continued

Water Revenue Certificates of Participation, Series 2009: Payable in semi-annual installments based on a 30 year amortization with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.25%. Future remaining debt service payments are as follows:

Year		Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$	395,000	914,887	1,309,887
2017		410,000	898,788	1,308,788
2018		425,000	879,962	1,304,962
2019		445,000	858,213	1,303,213
2020		465,000	835,462	1,300,462
2021-2025		2,640,000	3,800,438	6,440,438
2026-2030		3,350,000	3,057,687	6,407,687
2031-2035		4,350,000	2,088,995	6,438,995
2036-2040	_	5,715,000	785,269	6,500,269
Total		18,195,000	14,119,701	32,314,701
Current		(395,000)		
Long-term	\$	17,800,000		

# (8) Loans Payable

Total loans payable

Changes in long-term debt amounts for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

		Balance 2014	Additions	Payments	Balance 2015	Current Portion
Long-term debt:						
Loans payable:						
State of California Prop 55 loan	\$	1,607,989	-	(334,778)	1,273,211	238,504
2012 loan	_	2,079,064	-	(503,594)	1,575,470	514,225
Total loans payable	\$	3,687,053		(838,372)	2,848,681	752,729
Changes in long-term debt amounts for the y	ear end	led June 30, 2014 w	vere as follows:			
		Balance			Balance	Current
		2013	Additions	Payments	2014	Portion
Long-term debt:						
Loans payable:						
State of California Prop 55 loan	\$	2,009,800	-	(401,811)	1,607,989	334,777
2012 loan		2,572,246		(493,182)	2,079,064	503,594

(894,993)

3,687,053

728,902

4,582,046

\$

# (8) Loans Payable, continued

#### State of California Proposition 55 Loan

State of California-Safe Drinking Water Act Loan (Prop. 55): Payable in semi-annual installments of \$139,757 including interest at 3.3712%. Loan proceeds to improve Ridgecrest Heights Water System-Total loan was \$5,250,000. Future remaining debt service payments are as follows:

Year	 Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 238,504	41,015	279,519
2017	246,762	32,757	279,519
2018	255,081	24,438	279,519
2019	263,753	15,766	279,519
2020	 269,112	6,809	275,921
Total	1,273,212	120,785	1,393,997
Current	 (238,504)		
Long-term	\$ 1,034,708		

#### 2012 Loan

Proceeds of the 2012 loan were used to prepay the District's outstanding 2003 bond and pay the costs of issuance incurred in connection with the issuance of the 2012 loan. The 2012 loan is payable semi-annual installments of \$272,312 including interest at 2.100%.

Year		Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$	514,225	30,399	544,624
2017		525,080	19,544	544,624
2018	_	536,164	8,460	544,624
Total		1,575,469	58,403	1,633,872
Current	_	(514,225)		
Long-term	\$	1,061,244		

# (9) Net Investment in Capital Assets

Calculation of net investment in capital assets as of June 30, were as follows:

	_	2015	2014
Capital assets:			
Capital assets - not being depreciated	\$	3,696,518	4,382,795
Capital assets, net – being depreciated		42,408,620	42,203,741
Current:			
Certificates-of-participation		(395,000)	(380,000)
Loans payable		(752,729)	(728,902)
Non-current:			
Certificates-of-participation		(17,800,000)	(18,195,000)
Loans payable		(2,095,952)	(2,958,151)
Total net investment in capital assets	\$	25,061,457	24,324,483

# (10) Restricted Net Position

Calculation of restricted net position as of June 30, was as follows:

	 2015	2014
Restricted – cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,156,296 (244,214)	2,138,183
Accrued interest payable	 (244,214)	(251,942)
Total restricted net position	\$ 1,912,082	1,886,241

# (11) Unrestricted net Position

Unrestricted net position as of June 30, were categorized as follows:

	_	2015	2014
Non-spendable net position:			
Materials and supplies inventory	\$	341,899	341,635
Prepaid expenses and other deposits		39,873	46,410
Mitigation deposit - California Department of Fish and Game		120,000	120,000
Assessment bonds receivable		1,060,000	1,295,000
Other post-employment benefits asset	_	928,519	966,306
Total non-spendable net position	_	2,490,291	2,769,351
Spendable net position are designated as follows:			
Capital replacement reserve		5,450,230	6,966,747
Rate stabilization reserve	_	2,725,115	3,483,373
Total spendable net position		8,175,345	10,450,120
Total unrestricted net position	\$	10,665,636	13,219,471

# (12) Restatement of Net Position

# Accounts Receivable – Unbilled Receivable

In fiscal year 2015, the District determined that unbilled accounts receivable related to the 2014 fiscal year were under accrued. As a result, the District has recorded a prior period adjustment to net position in the amount of \$711,379 at June 30, 2014.

# Net Pension Liability – GASB 68 Implementation

In fiscal year 2015, the District implemented GASB pronouncements 68 and 71 to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Following the implementation the District recognized the pension liability and recorded a prior period adjustment of \$2,484,817 to beginning net position at July 1, 2014. The District recorded a prior period adjustment to reclassify from expense to deferred outflows of resources, the prior year's proportionate share of employer pension contribution including the District's side fund payoff totaling \$247,539 to beginning net position at July 1, 2015.

# (12) Restatement of Net Position, continued

Previously recorded net position of \$38,083,813 has been adjusted to \$39,430,195 as of Jun 30, 2014. In addition, the effect of the implementation of GASB 68 is recorded as an adjustment to the beginning net position of June 30, 2015. The effect of the above adjustment is summarized as follows:

The adjustment to net position is as follows:

Net position at June 30, 2013, as previously stated	\$ 38,083,813
Effect of adjustment to record unbilled receivables	711,379
Change in net position at June 30, 2014, as previously stated	 635,003
Net position at June 30, 2014, as restated	 39,430,195
Effect of adjustment to record deferred pension outflows	247,539
Effect of adjustment to net pension liability as a result of GASB 68	 (2,484,817)
Total adjustment to net position	 (2,237,278)
Net position at July 1, 2014	\$ 37,192,917

# (13) Deferred Compensation Savings Plan

For the benefit of its employees, the District participates in two 457 Deferred Compensation Programs (Programs). The purpose of these Programs is to provide deferred compensation for public employees that elect to participate in the Programs. Generally, eligible employees may defer receipt of a portion of their salary until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Until the funds are paid or otherwise made available to the employee, the employee is not obligated to report the deferred salary for income tax purposes.

Federal law requires deferred compensation assets to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants. Accordingly, the District is in compliance with this legislation. Therefore, these assets are not the legal property of the District, and are not subject to claims of the District's general creditors. Market value of all plan assets held in trust by Mutual of America at June 30, 2015 and 2014, was \$1,634,046 and \$1,559,719, respectively.

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Since the District has little administrative involvement and does not perform the investing function for this plan, the assets and related liabilities are not shown on the statements of net position.

# (14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

# Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and the District's resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

# (14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

# **Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

On September 12, 2012, the California Governor signed the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) into law. PEPRA took effect January 1, 2013. The new legislation closed the Agency's CalPERS 2.0% at 60 Risk Pool Retirement Plan to new employee entrants effective December 31, 2013. All employees hired after January 1, 2013 are eligible for the Agency's CalPERS 2.0% at 62 Retirement Plan under PEPRA.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan		
	Tier 1	Tier 2	
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	monthly for life		
Retirement age	55 - 60	52 - 67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.5% to 2.4%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	6.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	6.65%	6.25%	

# (14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1, following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30, by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plan was as follows:

	N	/liscellaneous Plan
	_	2015
Contributions – employer	\$	137,635
Contributions – employee (paid by employer)		143,654
Total employer paid contributions	\$	281,289

As of June 30, 2015, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	Proportionate		
	Share of Net		
	Pension Liability		
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	1,795,052	

# Pension Liabilities and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 (the valuation date), rolled forward to June 30, 2014, using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of the measurement date June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Proportion – June 30, 2013	0.03083%
Proportion – June 30, 2014	0.02885%
Change – Increase(decrease)	-0.00198%

# (14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

#### Pension Liabilities and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$164,388. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 137,635	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	(628,774)
Adjustment due to differences in proportions	22,160	
Total	\$ 159,795	(628,774)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$137,635 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year		<b>Deferred</b> Net
Ending		Inflows of
June 30,	_	Resources
2016	\$	149,280
2017		149,280
2018		150,862
2019		157,192

# (14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2013, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date Measurement Date Actuarial cost method	June 30, 2013 June 30, 2014 Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.50%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 % Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative
	Expenses; includes inflation
Mortality Rate Table*	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power
	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies,
	2.75% thereafter

\* The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013, valuation were based on the results of a January 2014, actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

# (14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

#### Discount Rate, continued

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference. CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

# (14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

#### Discount Rate, continued

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 -10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	47.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	11.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.00%		

(a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.

(b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current			
		Discount	Discount	Discount	
		Rate - 1%	Rate	Rate + 1%	
	_	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)	
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	3,247,581	1,795,052	589,591	

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

# (15) Debt Without District Commitment

#### **Special Assessment Districts**

The District maintains two Assessment Districts. These Assessment Districts were established under the Municipal Improvement Act of 1913 and partially financed with the 1951 Improvement Act bonds. Accounting for these Assessment Districts follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 6, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Special Assessments*. GASB No. 6 states that enterprise funds, such as that of the District, are to account for special assessment financing debt on the books of the District only if one of the following conditions exists:

- 1. The District is directly liable for the special assessment debt.
- 2. The District is not directly liable for the special assessment debt, but the debt is expected to be repaid from revenues of the District.

Since the District is not directly liable for the Assessment District debt and it is expected all such debt will be repaid from landowner assessments and not District revenues, the special assessment debt is not included in the District's financial statements. The District acts solely as an agent for the bondholders in collecting and forwarding the special assessments.

#### Assessment District No. 87-1

The District acquired the Ridgecrest Heights Water System during the 1988 fiscal year. In order to finance the construction of the estimated \$6,741,000 of required improvements the District formed Assessment District 87-1 on June 14, 1989. The District holds the Assessment District Bonds and did not sell them on the open market. Bond principal and interest revenues will be used to repay loans received to finance construction from the State of California. Future repayments on the Assessment District Bonds are as follows:

Year	 Principal	Interest	Total	
2016	\$ 235,000	39,696	274,696	
2017	245,000	31,605	276,605	
2018	255,000	23,177	278,177	
2019	260,000	14,496	274,496	
2020	270,000	5,562	275,562	
2021	 30,000	506	30,506	
Total	\$ 1,295,000	115,042	1,410,042	

# (15) Debt Without District Commitment, continued

#### Assessment District No. 91-1

Assessment District 91-1 consists of approximately 300 acres of land subdivided into 133 residential lots contiguous to the southwesterly boundary of the City of Ridgecrest, California. The District formed Assessment District 91-1 on January 15, 1992, for the design and construction of a domestic water system for the property within the Assessment District. The cost of this construction was estimated at \$1,508,000. Total assessments were \$1,508,000 and \$237,551 was collected during the cash collection period which ended February 15, 1992. The remaining unpaid assessments of \$1,270,449 were bonded and these limited obligation improvement bonds were sold on July 13, 1992. On August 23, 2001, the District approved resolution 01-05 under the California Streets and Highways Code Section 8771, 8772 and 8773, that the terms and conditions of the bond repayment schedule be modified as of June 30, 2008. The outstanding bonds and interest due to the bond holder were paid under the modified payment schedule. As of June 30, 2015, Assessment District 91-1 did not hold a cash balance in the Kern County Treasury. As of June 30, 2014, Assessment District 91-1 held cash in the Kern County Treasury of \$1. These funds are available for District expenses/improvements with the appropriate Board action/approvals.

# (16) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA), an intergovernmental risk sharing joint powers authority created to provide self-insurance programs for California special districts. The purpose of the SDRMA is to arrange and administer programs of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. At June 30, 2015, the District participated in the liability and property programs of the SDRMA as follows:

• General and auto liability, public officials and employees' errors and omissions: Total risk financing self-insurance limits of \$2,500,000, combined single limit at \$2,500,000 per occurrence. The District purchased additional excess coverage layers: \$10,000,000 for general, auto and public officials liability, which increases the limits on the insurance coverage noted above.

In addition, the District also has the following insurance coverage:

- Employee dishonesty coverage up to \$400,000 per loss includes public employee dishonesty, forgery or alteration and theft, disappearance and destruction coverages.
- Property loss is paid at the replacement cost for property on file, if replaced within two years after the loss, otherwise paid on an actual cash value basis. A combined total of \$1 billion per occurrence, subject to a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence.
- Boiler and machinery coverage for the replacement cost up to \$100 million per occurrence, subject to a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence, unless other specific object or peril as listed on the declaration.
- Public officials personal liability up to \$500,000 each occurrence, with an annual aggregate of \$500,000 per each elected/appointed official to which this coverage applies, subject to the terms, with a deductible of \$500 per claim, and an annual pool aggregate of \$8,500,000.
- Workers' compensation insurance up to statutory limits and Employer's Liability Coverage up to \$5 million.

# (16) Risk Management, continued

Settled claims have not exceeded any of the coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years. There were no reductions in insurance coverage in fiscal years 2015, 2014, and 2013. Liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated net of the respective insurance coverage. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). There were no IBNR claims payable as of June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013.

## (17) Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Issued, Not Yet Effective

#### Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72 - Fair Value Measurement and Application. The objective of this Statement is to enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by measurement of certain assets and liabilities at their fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. The definition of *fair value* is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The impact of the implementation of this Statement to the District's financial statements has not been assessed at this time.

#### Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 73

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 73 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the Scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. The assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement No. 68 for pension plans as pensions that are within their respective scopes.

The requirements of this statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental non-employer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement No. 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The impact of the implementation of this Statement to the District's financial statements has not been assessed at this time.

# (17) Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Issued, Not Yet Effective, continued

#### Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 74

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74 – *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans.* The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness or information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits of OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability.

This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Multiple-Employer Plans*. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans*, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No.50, *Pension Disclosures*.

The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The impact of the implementation of this Statement to the District's financial statements has not been assessed at this time.

#### Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for *Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The impact of the implementation of this Statement to the District's financial statements has not been assessed at this time.

#### Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 76

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76 – *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* The objective of this Statement is to identify – in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment – the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within the source of authoritative GAAP.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively.

# (17) Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Issued, Not Yet Effective, continued

## Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 77 - Tax Abatement Disclosures. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. Financial statement users need information about certain limitations on a government's ability to raise resources. This includes limitations on revenue-raising capacity resulting from governmental programs that use tax abatements to induce behavior by individuals and entities that is beneficial to the government or its citizens. Tax abatements are widely used by state and local governments, particularly to encourage economic development. This Statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. It is believed that the implementation of this Statement will not have a material effect to the District's financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements prior to June 30, 2015, that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations.

# (18) Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Construction Contracts**

The District has a variety of agreements with private parties relating to the installation, improvement or modification of water and wastewater facilities and distribution systems within its service area. The financing of such construction contracts is being provided primarily from the District's replacement reserves and capital contributions.

#### Litigation

In the ordinary course of operations, the District is subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel, the District believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, if any, will not materially affect its financial condition.

#### (19) Subsequent Events

Events occurring after June 30, 2015, have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosure as of November 9, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The District is not aware of any subsequent events that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

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# **Required Supplementary Information**

# Indian Wells Valley Water District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

# **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

		6/30/2014 (a)
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	,	0.02885%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	1,795,052
District's Covered-Employee Payroll (b)	\$	2,945,462
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		94.13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		81.15%

#### Notes:

- (a) Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.
- (b) Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll related ratios.
- \* Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

# Indian Wells Valley Water District Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

# **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions (a):	_	Fiscal Year 2013-2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution (b) Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (b)	\$	136,504 (136,504)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-
Covered Payroll (c), (d)	\$	1,907,012
Contribution's as a percentage of Covered-employee Payroll (c)	-	7.16%

# Notes:

- (a) Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.
- (b) Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions (which is the actuarially determined contribution). However, some employer's may choose to make additional contributions towards their side fund or unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as "side funds" do not conform to the circumstances described in paragraph 120 of GASB 68, therefore are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.
- (c) Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.
- (d) Payroll from prior year (\$1,851,467) was assumed to increase by the 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption.

# Indian Wells Valley Water District Schedule of Funding Status For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

# **Other Post Employment Benefits**

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2009	\$ -	464,036	464,036	0.00%	\$ 2,205,887	21.04%
July 1, 2010	695,922	523,985	(171,937)	132.81%	2,032,000	-8.46%
July 1, 2011	848,394	519,396	(328,998)	163.34%	1,952,000	-16.85%
July 1, 2013	869,638	621,318	(248,320)	139.97%	1,931,000	-12.86%

Funding progress is presented for the year(s) that an actuarial study has been prepared since the effective date of GASB Statement 45. Actuarial review and analysis of the post-employment benefits liability and funding status is performed every three years or annually if there are significant changes in the plan. The next scheduled actuarial review and analysis of the post-employment benefits liability and funding status will be performed in fiscal year 2017, based on the year ending June 30, 2016.

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# **Report on Internal Controls and Compliance**





Certified Public Accountants

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# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audits of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors Indian Wells Valley Water District Ridgecrest, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Indian Wells Valley Water District (District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2015.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audits we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audits, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audits of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards, (continued)*

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fedak & Brown LLP

**Fedak & Brown LLP** Cypress, California November 9, 2015